

Patterns of Colonization
Review

"Alsoe wee doe, for us, our heires and successors, declare by theise presentes that all and everie the parsons being our subjects which shall dwell and inhabit within everie or anie of the saide severall Colonies and plantacions and everie of their children which shall happen to be borne within the limitts and precincts of the said severall Colonies and plantacions shall have and enjoy all liberties, franchises and immunites within anie of our other dominions to all intents and purposes as if they had been abiding and borne within this our realme of Englande or anie other of our saide dominions."

-The First Charter of Virginia 1606

"A Chronology of US Historical Documents." The University of Oklahoma College of Law: : The First Virginia Charter. N.p., n.d. Web. 11 Sept. 2014

1. The principles laid out in the Virginia Charter above would best reflect
 - A. Democratic ideals of the Enlightenment
 - B. The movement away from indentured servitude towards chattel slavery
 - C. Justification for colonial unity against the French and Indian threat on the frontier of the mid-18th century
 - D. The importance of the triangle trade between the Americas and Europe

2. The ideas expressed in the passage above most directly reflect which of the following continuities in United States history?
 - A. Establishment of British mercantilist policies regarding colonial trade
 - B. The development of representative democracy
 - C. Development of primarily agrarian economy in the British colonies
 - D. The implementation of the mercantilist policy of salutary neglect

3. The excerpt above would be most useful to historians analyzing the
 - A. Debates over the liberties guaranteed to Native Americans in the British colonies
 - B. Developing trading networks in the Atlantic World
 - C. Debates over the rights of English settlers in the New World
 - D. Debates over limiting the powers of colonial assemblies

Mayflower Compact : 1620

Agreement Between the Settlers at New Plymouth : 1620

IN THE NAME OF GOD, AMEN. We, whose names are underwritten, the Loyal Subjects of our dread Sovereign Lord King James, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. Having undertaken for the Glory of God, and Advancement of the Christian Faith, and the Honour of our King and Country, a Voyage to plant the first Colony in the northern Parts of Virginia; Do by these Presents, solemnly and mutually, in the Presence of God and one another, covenant and combine ourselves together into a civil Body Politick, for our better Ordering and Preservation, and Furtherance of the Ends aforesaid: And by Virtue hereof do enact, constitute, and frame, such just and equal Laws, Ordinances, Acts, Constitutions, and Officers, from time

to time, as shall be thought most meet and convenient for the general Good of the Colony; unto which we promise all due Submission and Obedience.

IN WITNESS whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names at Cape-Cod the eleventh of November, in the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King James, of England, France, and Ireland, the eighteenth, and of Scotland the fifty-fourth, Anno Domini; 1620.

"Avalon Project - Mayflower Compact : 1620." Avalon Project - Mayflower Compact : 1620. N.p., n.d. Web. 11 Sept. 2014

4. The authors of the excerpt above were most likely motivated by
 - A. the lure of quick profits available in the New World
 - B. self-government for the good of all
 - C. Establishing a new government based on the English monarchical model
 - D. the requirements of the colonial charter that gave them permission to settle
5. The intended audience of the excerpt above would most likely have approved of which of the following
 - A. Religious freedom for all Christians in New England
 - B. Toleration for Jewish immigrants
 - C. Separation of Church and State
 - D. Theocratic control of colonial governments
6. Which of the following would NOT represent a continuity of the principles of self-government expressed in the excerpt above?
 - A. The Articles of Confederation
 - B. The Massachusetts Constitution
 - C. the United States Constitution
 - D. The Bill of Rights

"It is by a mutual consent, through a special overvaluing providence and a more than an ordinary approbation of the Churches of Christ, to seek out a place of cohabitation... under a due form of Government both civil and ecclesiastical... For we must consider that we shall be as a city upon a hill. The eyes of all people are upon us."

John Winthrop, A Model of Christian Charity, 1630

7. John Winthrop's vision of a "City Upon a Hill" resulted in
 - A. a strict society that was religiously intolerant
 - B. an open community that welcomed all Christians
 - C. passage of the Act of Toleration
 - D. the first example of true democracy
8. The ideas expressed in the passage above most directly reflect which of the following continuities in United States history?
 - A. The power of individual states
 - B. The separation of Church and State
 - C. American exceptionalism
 - D. Popular sovereignty

"Wherefore The devil is now making one Attempt more upon us; an Attempt more Difficult, more Surprising, more snarl'd with unintelligible Circumstances than any that we have hitherto Encountered; an Attempt so Critical, that if we get well through, we shall soon Enjoy Halcyon Days, with all the Vultures of Hell Trodden under our Feet. He has wanted his Incarnate Legions to Persecute us, as the People of God have in the other Hemisphere been Persecuted: he has therefore drawn forth his more spiritual ones to make an attacque upon us.

We have been advised by some Credible Christians yet alive, that a Malefactor, accused of Witchcraft as well as Murder, and Executed in this place more than Forty Years ago, did then give Notice of, An Horrible PLOT & against the Country by WITCHCRAFT, and a Foundation of WITCHCRAFT then laid, which if it were not seasonably discovered, would probably Blow up, and pull down all the Churches in the Country. And we have now with Horror seen the Discovery of such a WITCHCRAFT!"

Cotton Mather 1693

Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History, used by permission

9. Which of the following factors was most responsible for creating the conditions depicted in the passage above?
- A. the desire of Puritans to establish a community of like-minded religious believers
 - B. The influence of religious dissenters in Massachusetts Bay Colony
 - C. Tensions created by religious diversity in the New England Colonies
 - D. Fear of slave rebellions in British North America
10. Which future political trend does the passage above most clearly foreshadow?
- A. Restriction of civil liberties during WWI
 - B. Cold War paranoia for the second Red Scare
 - C. Persecution of enemy Aliens resulting during the early Republic
 - D. Imprisonment of draft dodgers during the Vietnam War
11. The concerns expressed in the letter above can best be understood in the context of
- A. Fear of Native American rebellions in the forests outside established Puritan communities like Boston
 - B. Religious control and superstition present in 17th century British New England
 - C. Fear of religious and societal change resulting from the First Great Awakening
 - D. Growing religious dissent in Massachusetts Bay in the late 1600s

Intercultural Contact and Conflict

Period 2

"Brethren

Our last meeting ended with so happy an Agreement & such firm assurances and hearty resolutions on both sides, that if they are faithfully observd we shall always meet with joyful countenances.

You then promised me solemnly not to have any correspondence with the French, but to depend entirely on the English & cleave close to them. That you would keep the Path open for the Farr Indians to come and trade with this Province.

That you would never molest Virginia nor any other of the Kings Provinces for the future & that you allowed it was vain to promise any thing unless you resolve to perform it.

I begin therefore by demanding of you a solemn assurance that you will continue firm to what you then engaged, that you will inform me truly of your principal late Transactions & designs & advice with me upon them so that I may be convinced that you have an entire confidence in me & observe an exact Sincerity in your whole Conduct towards me which will be the strongest Tyes of a lasting Friendship between us."

Ratified Treaty # 1 The Great Treaty of 1722 Between the Five Nations, the Mahicans, and the Colonies of New York, Virginia, and Pennsylvania. O'Callaghan, E. B. (Ed.). (1855). Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York, Vol. 5. Albany, NY: Weed, Parsons, and Co., 657-681. N.p., n.d. Web. 14 Sept. 2014.

1. The passage above was most clearly a response to
 - A. competition among colonial powers to enslave Native Americans
 - B. completion among European rivals to forge alliances with indigenous tribes
 - C. the threat of the Santa Fe trade interfering with British mercantilism
 - D. English colonist's dissatisfaction with British colonial controls
2. The methods described in the passage above were most similar to those of
 - A. the Spanish
 - B. the Portuguese
 - C. the Dutch
 - D. the French
3. The excerpt above is most directly a result of
 - A. competition over natural resources in the New World
 - B. dissatisfaction among British settlers on the frontier about protection against Indian attacks
 - C. fear of enslaved Africans' allying with Native Americans and engaging in armed insurrection
 - D. desire of the British colonial officials to reach peaceful accommodations with warring native tribes on the frontier to simulate westward settlement



A Spanish man with a native woman and a mestizo child

Mestizo. 1770. Photographed at the Maison De L'Amérique Latine. Wikicommons. Web

4. The painting above is best understood in the context of the
- A. Spanish efforts in the 18th century to convert native populations to Christianity
 - B. Efforts by the Spanish crown to ban sexual relations with Native Americans as the encomienda system grew in New Spain
 - C. Spanish acceptance of cross-racial sexual unions in their American colonies
 - D. slave system inherent in the encomienda system of New Spain
5. Which of the following groups in the age of colonization would have most opposed the relationship illustrated above?
- A. The Spanish
 - B. The English
 - C. The Dutch
 - D. The French
6. Which group later in American History would likely have paralleled critics of the relationship shown in the painting above?
- A. Pro same-sex marriage advocates
 - B. Proponents of racial segregation in the 1950s
 - C. Anti-imperialists of the late 1800s
 - D. Members of the Women's Christian Temperance movement

R U N A W A Y



THE 18th Instant at Night

from the Subscriber, in the City of New-York, four Negro Men, Viz. LESTER, about 40 Years of Age, had on a white Flannel Jacket and Drawers, Duck Trowsers and Home-spun Shirt. CÆSAR, about 18 Years of Age, clothed in the same Manner. ISAAC, aged 17 Years clothed in the same Manner, except that his Breeches were Leather; and MINGO, 15 Years of Age, with the same Clothing as the 2 first, all of them of a middling Size, Whoever delivers either of the said Negroes to the Subscriber, shall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward for each beside all reasonable Charges. If any person can give Intelligence of their being harboured, a reward of TEN POUNDS will be paid upon conviction of the Offender. All Masters of Vessels and others are forewarn'd not to Transport them from the City, as I am resolv'd to prosecute as far as the Law will allow.

WILLIAM BULL.

N. B. If the Negroes return, they shall be pardon'd.

- 88

7. The advertisement above was a reaction to which challenge?
 - A. The high cost of African slaves
 - B. The fear of slaves and indentured servants conspiring in rebellion
 - C. Overt ways in which slaves resisted the dehumanization effects of slavery
 - D. Sabotage performed by slaves in resistance to their conditions of bondage

8. The advertisement above would be most useful to historians analyzing the
 - A. reasons why African slaves ran away
 - B. numbers of slaves who ran away from their masters over time
 - C. ages of slaves most likely to run away for their freedom
 - D. impact of abolitionist groups helping slaves reach freedom on the Underground RR

9. Which group was most likely the intended audience of the advertisement above?
 - A. Slaves who fear retribution of their masters for the actions of runaway slaves
 - B. Quakers in Pennsylvania who were active in helping slaves escape to freedom
 - C. Members of the colonial government charged with apprehending runaway slaves
 - D. White citizens of the immediate area of the newspaper's circulation

"For having, when the army of English was just upon the track of those Indians, who now in all places burn, spoil, murder and when we might with ease have destroyed them who then were in open hostility, for then having expressly countermanded and sent back our army by passing his word for the peaceable demeanor of the said Indians, who immediately prosecuted their evil intentions, committing horrid murders and robberies in all places, being protected by the said engagement and word past of him the said Sir William Berkeley, having ruined and laid desolate a great part of his Majesty's country, and have now drawn themselves into such obscure and remote places and are by their success so emboldened and confirmed by their confederacy so strengthened that the cries of blood are in all places, and the terror

and consternation of the people so great, are now become not only difficult but a very formidable enemy who might at first with ease have been destroyed."

-Nathaniel Bacon 1676

"Bacon's Rebellion: The Declaration (1676)." Bacon's Rebellion: The Declaration (1676). N.p., n.d. Web. 14 Sept. 2014.

10. Which of the following groups most strongly supported the sentiments in the excerpt above?
- A. Mechanics and merchants who lived along the Virginia Coast
 - B. The governing body and leaders and leaders of Jamestown at the time
 - C. Small landholders who lived on the Virginia frontier
 - D. Indentured servants and slaves in Virginia
11. Which of the following was a major consequence of the ideas expressed in the passage above?
- A. Armed insurrection against the government of the Virginia colony
 - B. Settlement of the conflict by peaceful negotiation between the Virginia colony and the local Native Americans
 - C. the use of British troops to put down Native American insurrection
 - D. The assassination of the governor of Virginia by Nathaniel Bacon
12. What significant change to labor systems in Virginia resulted because of the historical event described in the passage
- A. Native Americans conquered by Bacon became the primary source of slave labor in Virginia until the early 1700s
 - B. Indentured servants who fought with Bacon had their indentures extended to life, creating the first form of slavery in Virginia
 - C. Wage labor replaced indentured labor in Virginia
 - D. Slave labor began to replace indentured labor because slaves were seen as easier to control than indentured servants

Atlantic World Political, Economic, and Cultural Exchanges

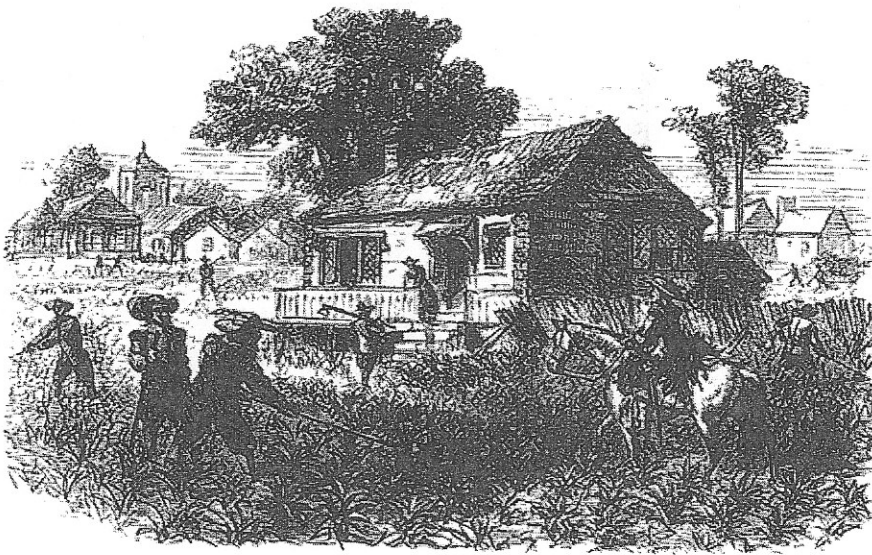
"III. And it is further enacted. That no goods or commodities whatsoever, of the growth, production or manufacture of Africa, Asia, or America, or any part thereof . . . be imported into England, Ireland, or Wales . . . in any other ship or ships, vessel or vessels whatsoever. but in such as do truly and without fraud belong only to the people of England, Ireland or Wales. . . ."

XVIII. And be it further enacted. That from and after the first day of April, 1661, no sugars, tobacco, cotton-wool, indigos, ginger, fustick, or other dying wood, of the growth, production or manufacture of any English plantations in America, Asia, or Africa, shall be shipped, carried, conveyed or transported from any of the said English plantations to any land . . . other than to such English plantations as do belong to his Majesty. . . ."

- The Navigation Acts of 1660

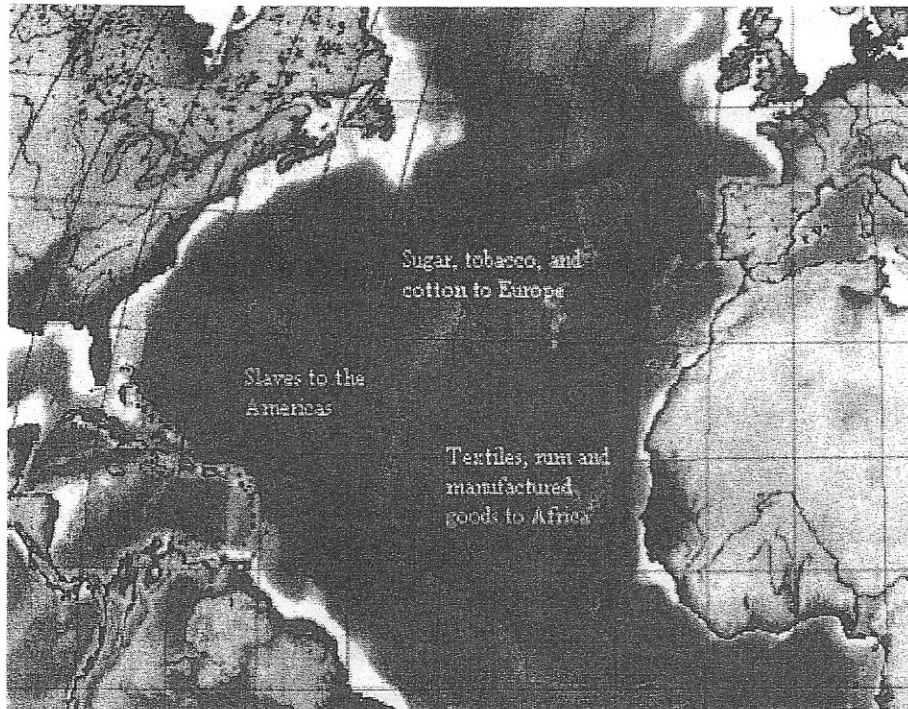
"The Navigation Act of 1660." *The Navigation Act of 1660. N.p., n.d. Web. 14 Sept. 2014.*

1. The policies stated in the above law can best be seen as an example of
 - A. Industrialization
 - B. Mercantilism
 - C. Salutary Neglect
 - D. Laissez faire Economics
2. The efforts described in the excerpt above can best be understood in the context of
 - A. British desire to limit freedoms in their colonies in North America
 - B. British indifference to foreign completion
 - C. British goals of gaining new sources of raw materials for production of manufactured goods in England
 - D. British interest in spreading the economic ideals of the Enlightenment
3. Which of the following continuities in American colonial history is most consistent with the excerpt above?
 - A. Continued Anglicization of British North America
 - B. Increasing levels of free trade and exchange of New World products
 - C. Growing demand for colonial goods
 - D. Increased British attempts to strengthen Imperial control over its North American colonies after the French and Indian War.



Cultivation of Tobacco at Jamestown

4. Which of the following groups benefitted the most from the process illustrated above?
- White indentured servants
 - Small landowners in New England
 - Large land owners in the Chesapeake
 - Native American laborers
5. The creator of the illustration above would most likely have supported which of the following
- supporting Native American land claims in the colonies
 - Increased immigration of poor Englishmen to Virginia
 - Increased British economic controls over trans-Atlantic trade
 - British restrictions on westward migration into Indian territories
6. Which of the following historical developments most directly lead to the end of the labor system seen in the image?
- The inability to exert substantial control over the white indentured labor force
 - The British Parliament's ban on indentured servitude in the mid-1600s
 - the impact of New England religious leaders condemning the use of indentured servants
 - Widespread rebellion on the part of Native Americans made tobacco farming both dangerous and unprofitable



7. Which of the following factors was a direct result of the conditions depicted in the map above?
- A growth of an Atlantic economy rich in a wide exchange of New World European goods
 - Slow Anglicization of British North America as trade dominated social growth
 - Spanish domination of the Atlantic trading networks
 - Economic instability in British North America
8. The map above would best serve as evidence of which of the following?
- Restraint of free trade by the British Navigation Acts
 - Political interactions between America and Europe
 - Spanish domination of the Atlantic trading networks
 - Economic interdependence

9. Which of the following was a major consequence of the economic phenomena shown in the map above?
- A. Economic stagnation in British North America
 - B. A system that enslaved black people in perpetuity
 - C. Economic diversity in the southern colonies of British North America
 - D. Increased dependence on indentured labor systems

"Our hands, which before were tied with gentleness and fair usage, are now set at liberty by the treacherous violence of the savages...so that we, who hitherto have had possession of no more ground than their waste and our purchase at a valuable consideration to their contentment gained, may now by right of war, and law of nations, invade the country, and destroy them who sought to destroy us; whereby we shall enjoy their cultivated places... Now their cleared grounds in all their villages (which are situate in the fruitfulest places of the land) shall be inhabited by us, whereas heretofore the grubbing of woods was the greatest labor."

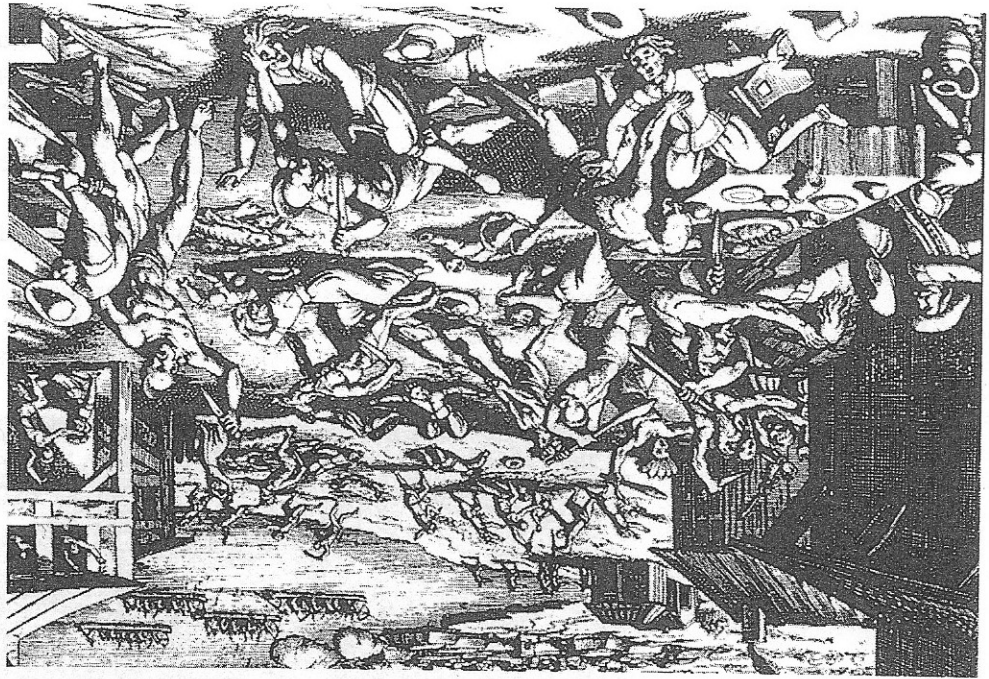
-Edward Waterhouse 1622

10. The sentiments expressed in the passage above most directly reflect which of the following continuities in United States history?

- A. Continued enslavement of Native Americans as a cheap labor force
- B. Development of the idea of American exceptionality
- C. Cultural and territorial losses of Native American tribes
- D. Impact of European diseases in weakening the defenses of Native American tribes against European colonization

11. Which group would most likely have been critical of the sentiments expressed in the passage above?
- A. English settlers living on the frontier of the Jamestown colony in the 17th century
 - B. Puritan leaders of the Massachusetts Bay colony
 - C. Founders of the Pennsylvania colony
 - D. The stockholders of the Virginia Company

12. Which of the following early 20th-century groups would most likely support the goals stated in the passage above?
- A. Progressives
 - B. Anti-Imperialists
 - C. Imperialists
 - D. Social Darwinists



Powhatan Attack on Jamestown 1622

13. The woodcut above is best understood in the context of
- A. armed rebellion on the part of the Virginia's slave population
 - B. intercultural contact intensifying conflict between colonizers and native peoples
 - C. the vast superiority of weapons enjoyed by Native Americans
 - D. reaction against Virginia's attempt to Christianize indigenous peoples
14. The artist who made the woodcut above was most interested in
- A. demonstrating the hardships of colonizing Virginia
 - B. showing the military dominance of the Virginia Company
 - C. portraying Native Americans as brute savage
 - D. raising funds for the defense of Jamestown
15. Which of the following events best represents future continuity with the depiction in the woodcut above?
- A. The forced removal of eastern Cherokees in the early 19th century to Indian Territory
 - B. King Phillip's War in in the last quarter of the 17th century
 - C. The assimilation policy of the US government in the late 19th century
 - D. The American war against communists in South Vietnam during the 20th century

